## Disabled Adaptations, HRA & Disabled Facility Grants. Housing Scrutiny Commission August 2022



#### **Disabled Adaptations – council**

#### tenants

- All adaptations are recommended by Adult Social Care.
- All adaptations up to £1,000 in value are classed as minors and completed straight away.
- Major adaptations follow the agreed joint working protocol with ASC and are allocated priority points and completed in order of need.
- All are directly funded and are not means tester

City Council

Type of adaptation	18/19	19/20	20/21	21/22
Rails/handrails	437	358	90	340
Ramps	42	24	12	29
General layout alterations	0	7	6	0
Level showers	43	74	31	75
Wash/dry toilets	7	7	5	4
Stairlifts	39	38	56	48
Step lifts	0	7	3	3
Through floor lift	15	16	11	14
Extensions	1	4	3	3

#### What do we spend each year

	19/20	20/21	21/22	22/23
Budget	£1.2m	£900k	£1.2m(inc £300k for adapt to let scheme	£1.2m(inc £300k for adapt to let scheme)
Actual spend	£901k	£811k	£1.1m	£tbc



#### What is Adapt to Let

- Identifying void properties that can be adapted.
- Fully adapting partially adapted properties.
- Matching applicants with potentially suitable properties and adapting them for the new tenants.
- Historically the numbers have circa 5 per year but so far in 22/23 we have already completed 5.





## Disabled Facility Grants (DFG's)

- The process is similar to that followed as HRA adaptations, but the applicants are homeowners or private tenants.
- Minor adaptations are carried out straight away by ASC
- Major adaptations follow the same joint working protocol and are actioned in order of need, however there are some differences due to the addition of the means test.



## Why do we have to do it?

- A Disability Facilities Grant (DFG) is a mandatory requirement and forms part of the better care fund, this is a pooled fund which includes housing services and health and social care.
- The DFG grant is administrated by the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996
- The DFG grant is means tested, the means test identifies if the service user has to pay a contribution towards the adaptation if they are not on passported benefits i.e. Council tax support/ reduction

# What do we have to do ?

- Provide access to the front and rear of homes by providing:
  - Ramps front and rear
  - step lifts front and rear
  - Access to rear gardens
- Carry out adaptations to provide access into and around a service users home which meets their assessed needs by providing:
  - Level access showers
  - Stair lifts
  - Through floor lifts
  - Door widening



## Funding for DFG's

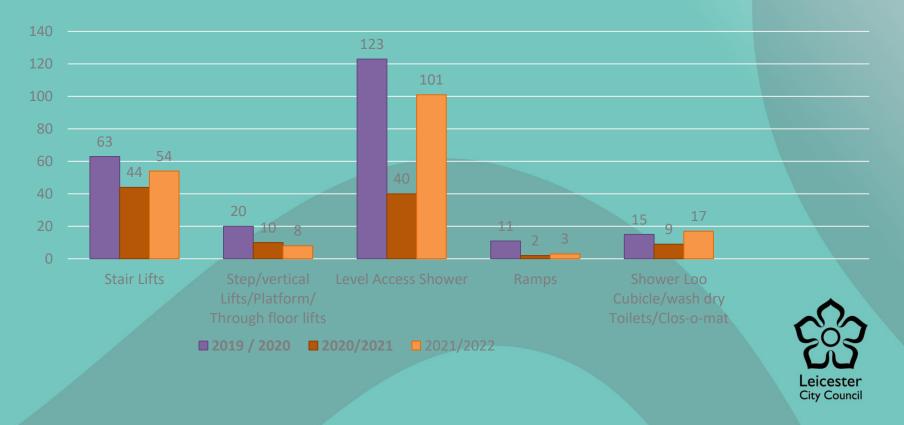
Year	Government grant	Council contribution	Total budget
20/21	1,539	461	2,000
21/22	1,538	1,461	3,000
22/23	2,080	20	2,100



## **DFG Housing Performance**

DFG	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022
Applications	532	339	294
Approved	248 - 46%	139- 41%	235-80%
Completed	190	86	149
Average cost	£11,321	£7,716	£8,964
Overall Spend	2.151m	1.066m	1.922m
In Progress	63	105	142
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#### DFG Housing - Types of Adaptations (Approved works) 2019/2020, 2020/2021 & 2021/22



### Cancellation categories for DFG's



# **Case Management**

- End of Life` (EOL) Cases and Children cases prioritised.
- Equipment only Cases (Lifts etc. to access services) issued straightaway.
- External works Ramps etc. issued straightaway.
- All other cases completed in priority order, based on points awarded by the OT.
- Extensions take longer because we have to get planning permission etc.

















## A joint approach to Adaptations

- A single point for lift breakdowns and installations all tenures
- A single point for lift invoices and payment processing all tenures
- A standard specification for all adaptations & all tenures
- Co location with O/T's makes faster response to issues.
- Opportunities for streamlining process.
- We are developing and adaptation strategy which will go live in early 2023.

